

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
RESTRAINTS
DO NOT apply baits to crops. DO NOT place baits in the open. DO NOT use this product to control native animals. DO NOT exceed 9 m between bait stations for rats and 3 m for mice.

SITUATION	PESTS	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS:
In and around agricultural, commercial, domestic, industrial and public services buildings and in sewers.	Rats (<i>Rattus rattus</i> also known as Black Rat or Roof Rat, <i>Rattus norvegicus</i> also known as Brown Rat or Norway Rat)	1 to 10 soft baits per bait station at the first application. For further applications, refer to 'Critical Comments'.	Inspection: Signs of rodent activity in and around the building need to be looked for to determine the pest species and the size of the population. Their identification is essential to ensure control methods are placed in relevant places (see below 'Baiting strategy'). Those signs include: droppings, rub marks (eg against walls), gnawing marks (eg. on cables), tracks, burrows, odours, sightings of rodents, etc. This is an important step since Black rats, Norway rats and mice have some behavioural differences which will effect how the treatment is done. It is also important to know the history and geography of the building and its neighbourhood. A building with frequent rodent infestations will for instance be quite likely to be re-infested in the future. The structure of the building and its location can also give an indication of the potential for rodent problems (likely points of entry, proximity of waterways, vegetation, etc.) Baiting Strategy: Eliminate as far as practicable all alternative food sources. It is essential to locate the baits close to where the rodents nest and feed, and also along their pathways. Generally mice will nest close to their feeding source, so place the baits in various locations near the nest. Rats are more likely to nest further away from their food source which means it is also important to bait on their pathways. Put measured quantity of bait in suitable containers, such as bait trays, or in secure bait stations in locations where non-target animals may otherwise access the baits. Protect baits from water where possible. The quantity of bait depends on the estimated pest population. For low activity, place 1 to 2 baits per bait station at regular intervals. For high activity, place more baits per bait station at more frequent intervals. In sewers and storm-water drains, suspend baits from manholes by wire or place in such a manner so that baits will not be washed into water supplies. Check bait consumption after 3 days. Replace eaten baits. Where a high level of consumption is noticed, place more baits (up to double the quantity of the first application). Remove baits in new locations where there has been no take. Inspect again 3 days later and then once a week until feeding ceases. Normally treatment takes 2 to 3 weeks.
	Mice (<i>Mus musculus</i>)	1 to 5 soft baits per bait station at the first application. For further applications, refer to 'Critical Comments'.	

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: High-quality food grade ingredients and a unique texture makes Generation Blue Soft Bait an extremely palatable bait to rodents. Generation Blue Soft Bait contains difethialone, the latest anticoagulant developed for rodent control. It acts by reducing the clotting activity and causes internal bleeding. Usually rodents die within 3 to 5 days after eating the bait. Hence rodents do not associate the consumption of the bait with the symptoms – there is no bait shyness and that is why difethialone is so effective. Generation Blue Soft Bait contains a human taste deterrent which prevents accidental consumption by children. Try not to touch the bait as this may deter rodents from eating it. Please use gloves. Generation Blue Soft Bait is intended for use within an integrated rodent management program as the initial "clean out" bait treatment for rodent infestations within structures and nearby areas (within 2m). If reinfestation should occur, you can repeat treatment once. For further treatment, it is strongly advised to alternate with a product containing a different active to avoid the development of genetic resistance. Extended use should not be necessary and is not recommended because of possible resistance development and secondary poisoning of rodent predators such as owls. Implement rodent proofing measures to limit or restrict rodent access to indoor areas or other areas where infestation is identified as a problem. Manage weeds and other vegetation around buildings to minimise the number of available or potential rodent harbourages.

PRECAUTIONS: Do not allow bait to contaminate foodstuffs or food intended for human or animal consumption. Do not apply bait to crops. Do not remove bait from the sachet. Do not allow children to handle baits. Do not place baits in the open.



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APVMA Approval No. 80386/100731

SAFETY DIRECTIONS: Poisonous if absorbed by skin contact or swallowed. Repeated minor exposure may have a cumulative poisoning effect. May irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

Do not touch bait. When using the product, wear rubber gloves. If on skin and after each baiting, wash hands thoroughly with soap and water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves. Do not handle exhausted or unsued baits unless wearing rubber gloves.

Re-Handling - Do not handle exhausted or unused baits unless wearing rubber gloves.

Warning - Should not be used in areas accessible to children.

FIRST AID: If poisoning occurs, get to a doctor or hospital quickly. Vitamin K1 (phytomenadione) is antidotal. Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) which can be obtained from the distributor or downloaded from www.liphatech.com.au

MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY AND EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY:

This product as supplied is of a high grade and believed to be suitable for any purpose for which it is expressly recommended and must be used in accordance with the Directions for Use given on the label. No responsibility is accepted in respect of the product save those non-excludable conditions implied by any National legislation.



Batch No.

DOM



POISON
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING.

GENERATION®
BLUE RODENTICIDE
SOFT BAIT
ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 0.025 g/kg DIFETHIALONE

Highly palatable soft bait for the control of rats and mice including those resistant to other anticoagulants.
For use in and around buildings and in sewers.
One feed kills rats and mice

DO NOT OPEN SACHET.
Contains Bitrex®, a human taste deterrent

Australian contact details:
De Sangosse Australia Pty Ltd
88 Ricketty St, MASCOT NSW 2048
Ph. 02 9078 7859 / infoAU@desangosse.com

DE SANGOSSE

NET CONTENTS:
480g
Contains 48 x 10g baits



STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Store baits so children, pigs, cats, dogs, native wildlife and poultry do not have access. Break, crush or puncture empty packaging and dispose of unused baits in an approved local landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers or unused bait below 500mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt. Do not use empty containers for any other purpose.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT: DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers. This product is hazardous to pigs, cats, dogs, native wildlife and poultry. Place baits in locations or bait stations which are inaccessible to other animals & birds. In locations where native mammals (e.g. possums in roof spaces) may be active, baits should be placed in secure bait stations that only allow bait to be accessed by target rodents. This product is restricted to use in and around buildings (within 2m) and within enclosed spaces (e.g. drains). Actively search for dead & moribund rodents and remove and destroy them when inspecting bait stations, and when removing untaken baits for destruction at the conclusion of baiting so that dogs, cats or non-target animals DO NOT eat poisoned rats & mice.

DISPOSAL OF CARCASSES: Dispose of carcasses safely by burning or burying. Do not place dead rats or mice in refuse bins or rubbish tips.

DISPOSAL OF BAITS: Dispose of spoiled baits by placing in plastic bags and putting in garbage. Ensure baits are removed when rodent activity has ceased.